CONSULTING CIVIL & STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

12050-3

6 January 2003

Marlborough District Council

PO Box 443

BLENHEIM

Attn: Angus Laird

Dear Sir

RE: Effluent Field, Mehrtens Residence, U021236

OFFICER:

DATE - 7 JAN 2003

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DISTRICY LOU

We have received your second request for further information.

Please find attached our drawing 12050 amendment C, showing approximately 600 m² suitable for effluent treatment.

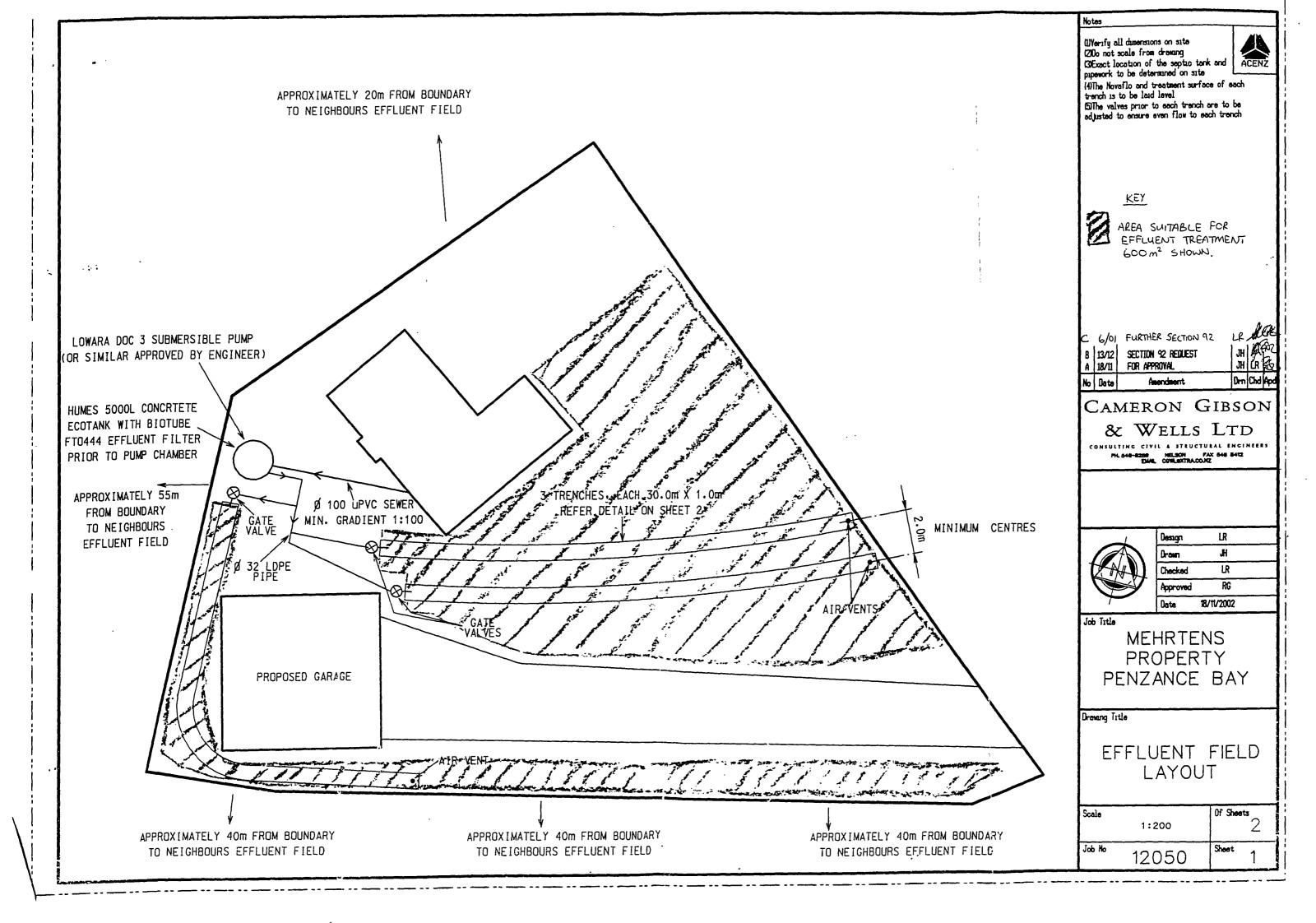
We trust this satisfies your request.

Yours sincerely

Leanne Reeve

Environmental Engineer

CAMERON GIBSON & WELLS LTD



File Ref: U021236

Ask For: Angus Laird

Cameron Gibson Wells Ltd 44 Halifax Street Nelson

Attn: Leanne Reeve

Dear Leanne,

Application for Resource Consent-Mehrtens, Kelvin

Thank you for the further information received by Council on the 16th of December 2002.

After reviewing AS/NZS 1547:2000 I agree that the maximum trench width requirement is not logically explained and accept that a 1 metre bed/trench would be suitable for this site.

With regard to my question regarding the northern trench, I assumed that you were familiar with the site and that the difficulties of installing a trench, as shown on the site plan, (required to be flat through all of the 28.2 m proposed length) when taking into account the slope of the ground would be apparent.

It has been brought to my attention that there is a consent notice attached to the title (copy enclosed). This has a number of conditions relevant to the disposal of domestic waste water.

I'm sure you are aware that these conditions must be complied with regardless of any conditions imposed under a discharge permit, therefore could you provide a scale diagram showing the 400m² of suitable disposal area (to allow for adequate reserve).

Until this information is received the discharge permit processing will be put on hold under section 92 of the Resource Management Act, 1991.

If this is unclear or you have any queries please contact me.

Yours faithfully

ANGUS LAIRD
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT OFFICER

CONSULTING CIVIL & STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

12050-2

13 December 2002

OFFICER:

DATE 1 6 DEC 2002

MARGENER 15552

Marlborough District Council
PO Box 443
BLENHEIM

Attn: Angus Laird

Dear Sir

RE: Effluent Field, Mehrtens Residence, U021236

We have received your request for further information and offer the following comment.

You have noted the proposed trench width of 800 mm is greater than the maximum trench width of 600 mm given in table 4.5A1 of AS/NZS 1547:2000. We would like to draw your attention to the fact that there is practically no difference between a conventional piped trench as shown in figure 4.5A1 and a conventional bed as shown in figure 4.5A5 apart from the width. In fact, a conventional bed could be 1 m wide and have only one distribution pipe. Whereas, a conventional trench can be up to 600 mm wide and has one distribution pipe. As the design loading rates for trenches and beds are the same, and the DLR relates to the size of the horizontal bottom area, the only difference between a 600 mm wide trench and a 1.0 m wide bed would be the total length of the system.

We do not see any reason why we do not use a trench 800 mm wide, as it fits with all other requirements of a trench and a bed, and is a practical width for an excavator.

You make a statement that the topography in the area of the proposed northern trench would make installation problematic, and is unlikely to operate satisfactory. We require more detail from you as to what the problem actually is, before we can respond.

We are unhappy that the statutory time clock has stopped, and therefore we have changed our design as per the attached drawings. We trust these changes adequately address your concerns.

If you have any queries, please contact the writer.

Yours sincerely

Leanne Reeve

Environmental Engineer

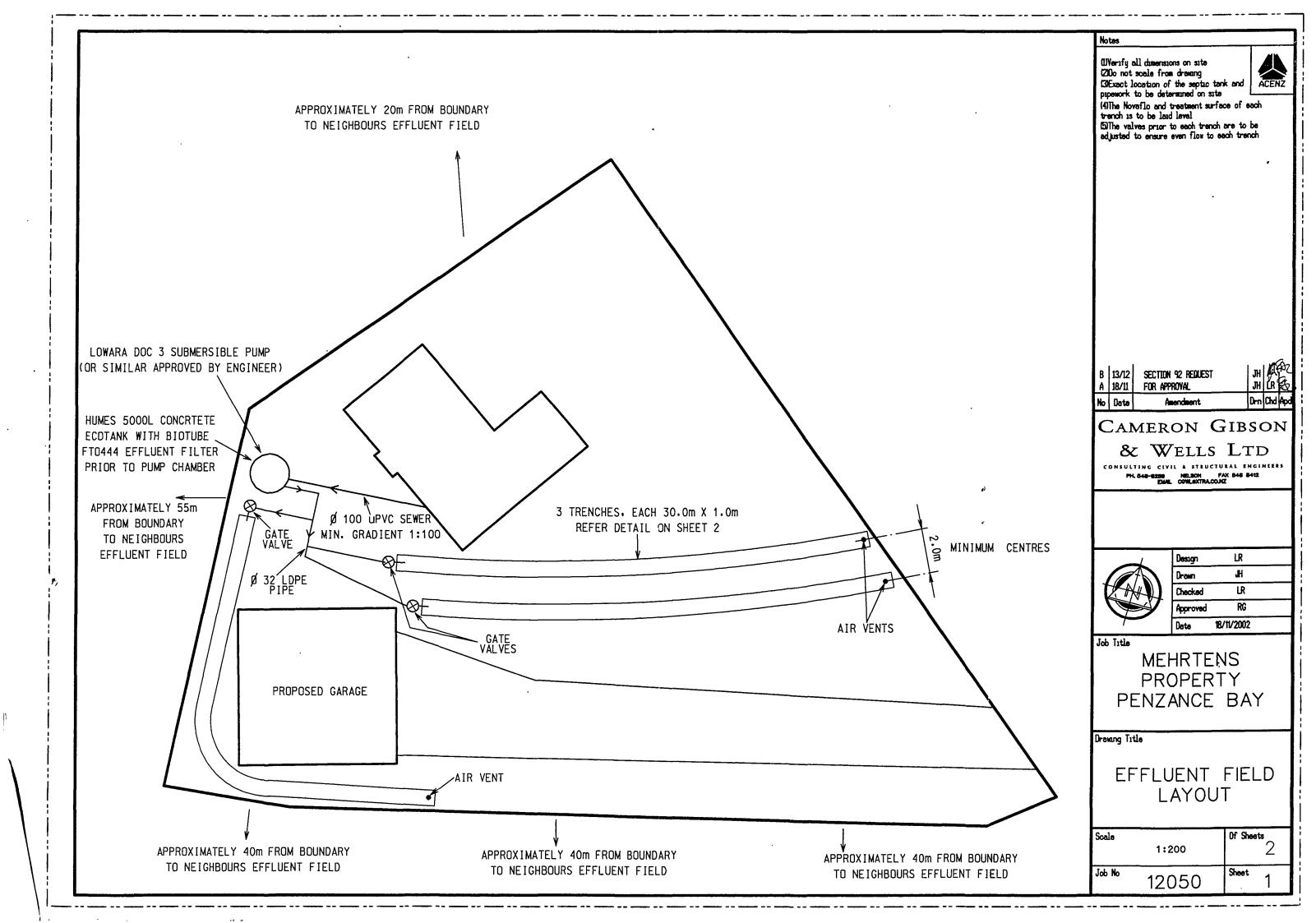
CAMERON GIBSON & WELLS LTD

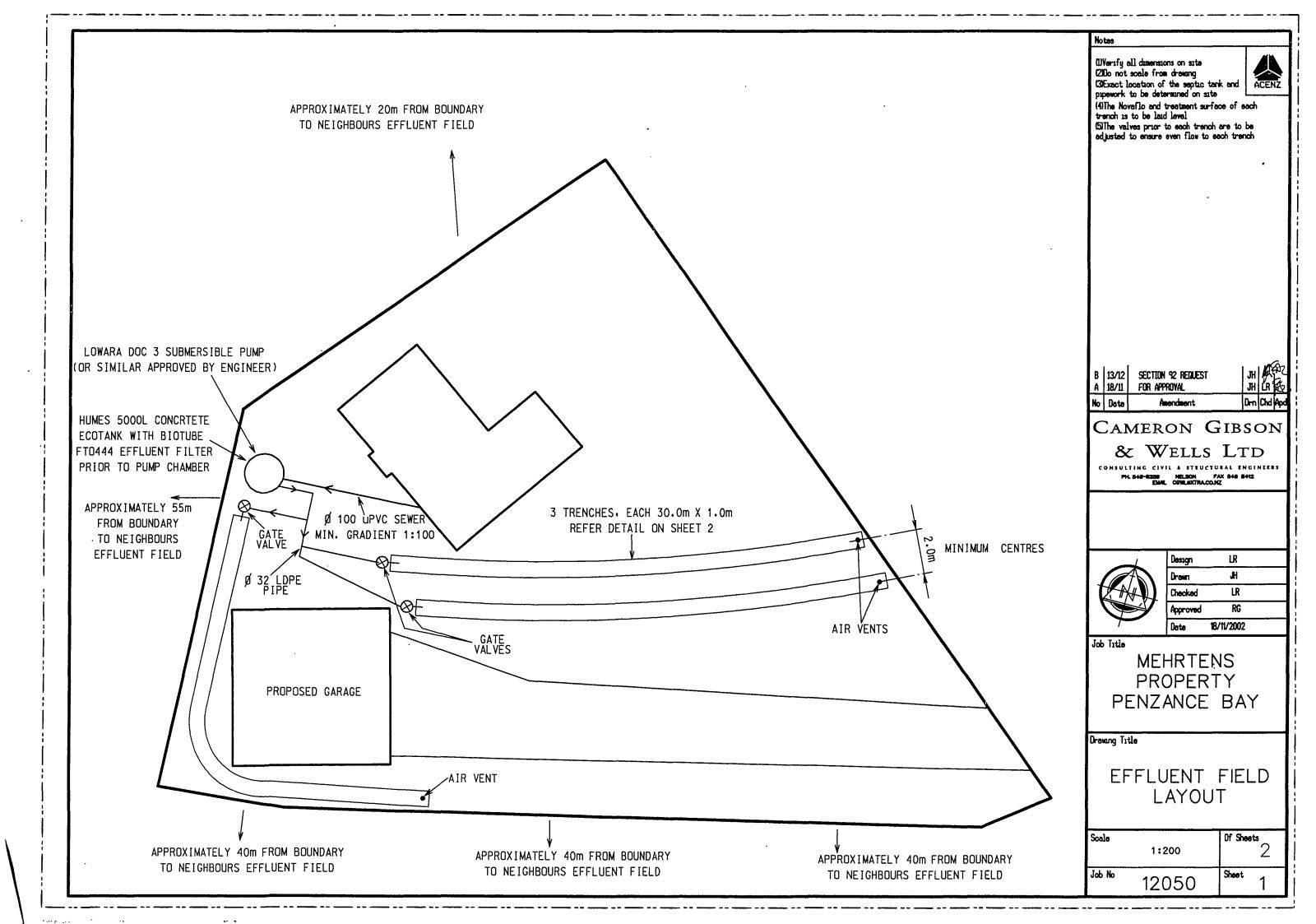
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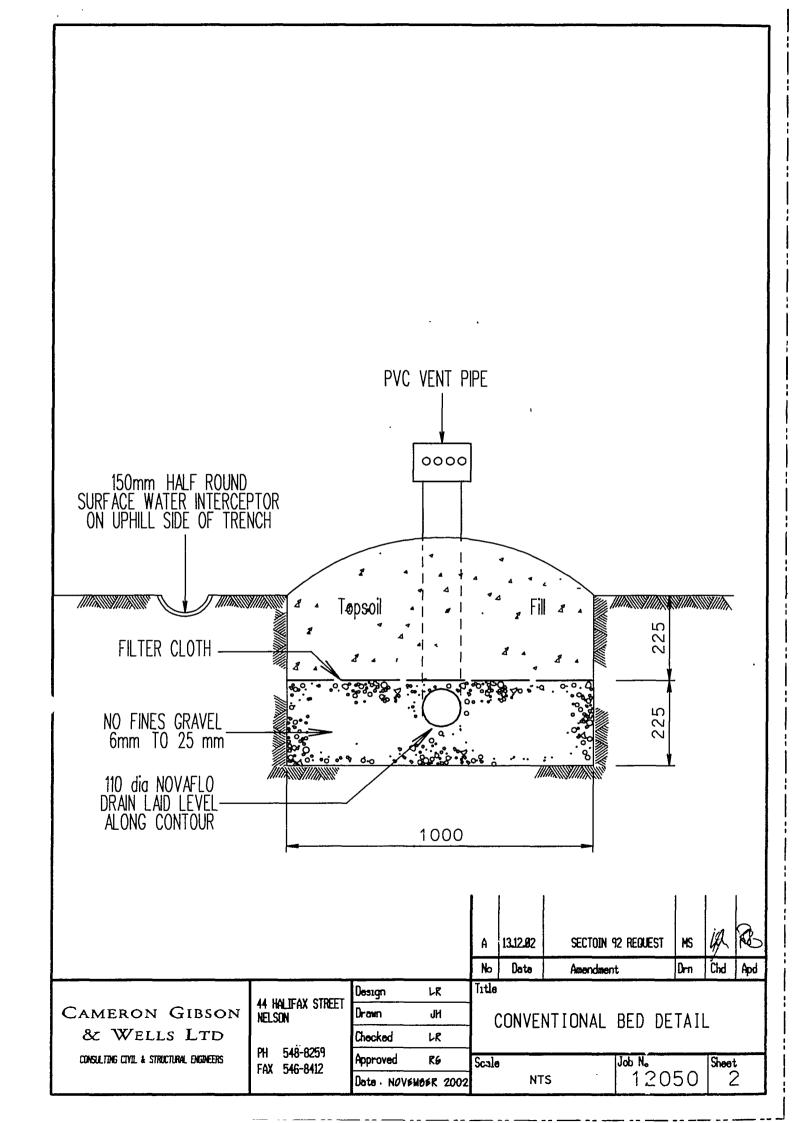
Rodney Gibson

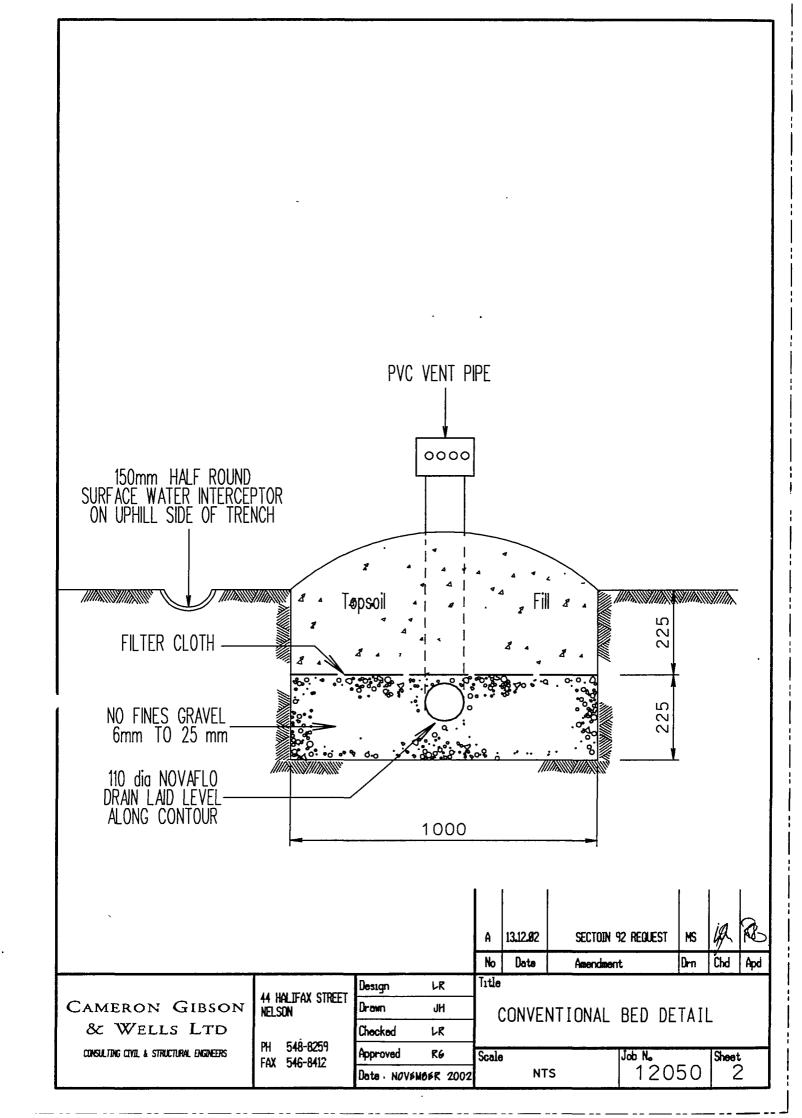
CAMERON GIBSON & WELLS LTD

12050-2 2









File Ref:

U021236

Case Officer: An

Angus Laird

10 Dec 2002

S92 request

ISO 9002 Form Ref Cl 352

Cameron Gibson & Wells Ltd 44 Halifax Street Nelson 7001

Attn: Leanne Reeve

Dear Leanne,

Application for Resource Consent Mehrtens, Kelvin Worlds End Road Penzance Bay Central Pelorus West Section 92 – Request for Further Information

I note that the trench width in the application is 800 mm. AS/NZS 1547:2000 (table 4.5A1) gives a maximum trench width of 600mm.

Also after recently visiting the site it appears that the topography in the area of the proposed northern trench would make installation problematic and the trench is unlikely to operate satisfactorily.

I would appreciate if you could provide some comment on the above.

While we are waiting for this information the statutory time clock effectively stops and will restart once this information is received. If you anticipate a lengthy delay in obtaining this information, please contact us.

If you consider that this request for further information is unreasonable, then you may exercise your right under section 357 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and lodge an objection to this request. Any notice of objection should be in writing and be made within 15 working days of the date of this letter.

If you have any questions regarding this request, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely

Angus Laird
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT OFFICER

CONSULTING CIVIL & STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

12050-1

18 November 2002

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2 1 NOV 2002

MARLBOROUGH
DISTRICT COUNCIL

Marlborough District Council
PO Box 443
BLENHEIM

Attn: Resource Consents Officer

Dear Sir/Madam

RE: Effluent Field, Mehrtens Residence, Lot 15 Worlds End Road, Penzance Bay

A system design has been developed for the management of wastewater flows derived from the above residence.

The following report outlines the design of a suitable system to be assessed by Marlborough District Council for compliance with Building Consent requirements. The proposed on site sewage disposal is not a permitted activity under the Marlborough Sounds Resource Management Plan (1.9.2.13) due to the location of the effluent field being closer than 50 m from another subsoil disposal field, therefore Resource Consent is required.

The system involves a septic tank with flow screened through an effluent filter prior to pumped discharge in a conventional effluent trench field.

1.0 Septic Tank

Wastewater flows shall drain to a dual-chamber Humes precast concrete Ecotank with a nominal volume of 5000 L. Compliance with section 2.4.9 (Watertightness) of AS/NZS 1546.1:1998 shall be required.

Pre-treatment occurs in the septic tank, providing adequate retention of design flows to allow for a significant reduction in contaminant concentrations. The effluent quality is further enhanced by use of a Biotube effluent filter positioned at the outlet of the tank. Effluent is then dose-loaded to the effluent field.

The level of solids accumulated in the tank should be checked annually and serviced as required. The volume of solids (scum and sludge) should not be more than $^2/_3$ of the total tank volume. The pump-out service interval is anticipated to be approximately 3 years at design flows. The Biotube effluent filter typically requires maintenance only as often as the pump-out of tank contents is required.

2.0 Pump

The pump is to be a Lowara DOC 3 submersible pump (or similar approved by the Engineer) and is to be housed within the pump chamber of the Ecotank.

3.0 Effluent Field

Conventional effluent trench technology shall be utilised to release flows into the soil for further treatment. The design loading rate is set at 10 mm/day in accordance with AS/NZS 1547:2000. Refer to Appendix One for the design basis of the system.

There are to be four trenches, each 28.2 m long and 800 mm wide. To ensure even distribution of the effluent over the trenches, gate valves will be used to throttle the flow so that each trench received a quarter of the overall flow.

The effluent is transported from the septic tank to the trenches by way of Ø32 mm LDPE pressure pipe. The pipe protrudes into each trench and discharges to the inside of a length of Ø110 mm Novaflo. Refer to the details provided on Sheet 2, Appendix Two.

The Novaflo and the treatment surface of each trench are to be laid level to allow for even distribution over this area. The Novaflo in each trench is vented in order to promote aerobic treatment processes. The layout of the effluent field is shown in Sheet 1, Appendix Two.

The proposed effluent field is to be located within 50 m of other subsoil disposal fields, with the approximate distances to neighbouring fields indicated on the site plan. The closest neighbouring effluent field is approximately 20 m to the north-west of the property. There will be no affect on this neighbouring property as the neighbouring property is uphill of the proposed effluent field.

There are three other effluent fields approximately 40 m from the south-eastern boundary of the property as indicated on the attached effluent field layout plan. The nature of these systems is unknown, however, we are confident that with the appropriate loading rate of the trenches, that there will be no apparent effects on the neighbouring property from this proposed system.

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MARLBOROUGH DISTRICT COUNCIL

12050-1 2

The gate valves to throttle the flow at the start of each trench can also be used to isolate any of the trenches should any unexpected problem occur. If at some stage in the future the disposal field fails there is plenty of room on the site for reserve trenches.

4.0 Conclusion

A wastewater management system has been designed to serve the Mehrtens residence in accordance with AS/NZS 1547:2000. The system is appropriate to the site.

There is plenty of area available for reserve trenches if necessary.

If you have any queries regarding the system outlined in this report, please contact the writer.

Yours sincerely

Leanne Reeve

Environmental Engineer

Cameron Gibson & Wells Ltd

Approved by

Rodney Gibson

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21 NOV 2002

Appendix One

Design basis for the proposed wastewater treatment and discharge system.

Design Flow

No. of bedrooms = 3

Design population = 5 (Gunn, 1994)
Per capita design flow = 180 L /cap/day
Design flow, Q = 900 L /day

Pre-treatment - Septic Tank

Nominal capacity = 5000 L Retention time = 5.5 days

Effluent filter at outlet = Biotube FTO444

Pump

Submersible pump = Lowara DOC 3 (or similar approved by engineer)

Distribution

Transport to Trenches = Ø32 mm LDPE pipe

Application Rate

Soil = Silty clay loam, moderately structured

Category 4, AS/NZS 1547:2000

Design Loading Rate (DLR) = 10 mm/day

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12050-1 4

Discharge

Conventional Trench

Treatment area = 900 + 10

= 90 m²

Width of each trench = 0.8 m

Total distribution length = 112.5 m

Number of trenches = 4

Length of each trench = 28.2 m

Distance between trenches = minimum 2 m centres

Layout

The layout of trenches is shown in Sheet 1 of Appendix Two. There are four conventional trenches, each 28.2 m long and 0.8 m wide.

Appendix Two Drawings

12038, Sheet 1: Effluent Field Layout

12038, Sheet 2: Conventional Trench Detail

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